The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO MONDAY APRIL 6, 1896. XXXV—NO. 3

A FOOT RACE CASE.

Fraud Made Good With a Penalty Added.

NEWS OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD

The Pleasant Valley Householders Manifest Appreciation of the Efforts of Miss Cordelia Hann—Crystal Spring Events—A Newsy Letter From Wilmot.

CANTON, April 3.—The court has given B. F. Shull $100 and a penalty of $50, together with costs, in the case brought against James Brescoe and others. This was the one in which the plaintiff set up the claim that by a put up scheme he was induced to bet $100 on a foot race in Massillon last September, and was beaten out of it through unfair means. He sued to recover his $100, and the court decided in his favor.

CANTON, April 2.—Elizabeth Bowman, executrix of the estate of George Bowman, deceased, began suit today against the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church, of Massillon, to recover judgment in the sum of $229.42, with interest at 6 per cent. from April 1, 1896. The sum mentioned is the value of a promissory note, endorsed by Robert Hamonds and J. B. Wilson, trustees of the church. The plaintiff desires the premises sold and the proceeds applied to payment of the judgment. Willison & Day are the plaintiff's attorneys.

John J. Maudru, in a petition filed in court today, claims to be owner of lot No. 2375 in Alliance. He further claims that the Alliance Street Railway Company, unlawfully kept him out of possession of the same. He therefore prays the court to decide judgment against the corporation for the recovery of the property, and should the court be of the opinion that he is not entitled to said relief, asks for the sum of $1,537.83.

Burglars broke into the show window at Santry's shoe store, early this morning and stole the entire display of fine shoes. Unfortunately for Mr. Santry and the burglar the shoes were not displayed in pairs, and Mr. Santry has now in his possession the mates of the shoes stolen.

Judge McCarty granted Etta Gavin a divorce from John Gavin, of Alliance, this morning, on the grounds of non-support. No defense was made.

Thomas McCormick, of Bethlehem township, has assigned to James D. Allman The assets are estimated at $7,000. The liabilities are not estimated.

In the estate of Frank McNichols, of Canton, an order of citation has been issued ordering the administrator to show why he does not pay labor claims.

In the estate of Levi Stump, of Perry township, the final account of Gassendi Stump, the executor, has been filed.

The will of Richard Donald, of Lawrence township, has been admitted to probate. Daniel Levers has been appointed executor.

CANTON, April 4.—The coal operators of the Tuscarawas Valley owning Valley railway mines held a meeting last night, to consider the mining rate per ton. They agreed to allow the Valley miners the present Ohio rate 61 cents per ton the advance taking effect on March 1, 1896. Previous to this the miners were receiving but 55 cents. About 500 miners are affected by the advance. Those in attendance at the meeting were David Johns and Mr. Sowers, of Massillon, Messrs. Holden, Mertley and VanKirk, of Mineral Point, and W. L. Davis, of Canton.

PROBATE COURT NOTES.

Louisa M. Maudru has been appointed guardian of Joseph P., Frank L., and Viola Maudru, of Maximo.

In the guardianship of Clarence Shook and Mary E. Shook, of Lawrence township, accounts have been filed.

The guardian of James L Egan and others, of Massillon, has filed a final account.

An application to adjudge George Teeple, of Sugar Creek township, an imbecile and to appoint a guardian has been filed. The hearing has been fixed for April 7.

The will of Catharine Shaffer, of Marlboro, has been filed for probate.

B. F. Rudy and D. B. Rudy, dealers in carpets, in Canton, assigned this morning to Thomas F. Turner. The assets are from $5,000 to $6,000. The liabilities are about the same.

MARSHAL BUCK EXONERATED.

CANAL FULTON, April 2.—Justice A. J. Kittinger has received a letter from John Schmunk, lieutenant of the first police precinct of Cleveland, which entirely exonerates Marshal Harry Buck from the malicious charges which have been made against him. A report was circulated to the effect that Marshal Buck had on one time gone to Cleveland in search of one W. B. Sopher, who was wanted in Fulton for defrauding an innkeeper, and instead of arresting the man when he found him, he effected a private pecuniary settlement. Lieutenant Schmunk says that this is false in every particular as he knows to a certainty that Marshal Buck never saw Sopher and that Buck lost money on the trip.

DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE.

PLEASANT VALLEY, April 3. — The Pleasant Valley school, District No 10, Plain township, has for seven consecutive months been under the careful and successful supervision of Miss Cordelia Hann, of Massillon. Miss Hann has shown herself to be a most satisfactory and efficient teacher, and the householders of the district and patrons of the school, desiring to show their esteem and appreciation of her labors, gathered at the school house at noon, Tuesday, and gave the teacher and pupils a most delightful surprise. If we were to estimate the large heartedness and hospitality of the matrons of Pleasant Valley district by the size of the baskets they brought, and the large quantity and excellent quality of the contents thereof, we would certainly be obliged to say without dissent that few localities can boast of their equals. The pupils of the school and visitors, to the number of 150, partook of the bounteous dinner and the afternoon was spent in listening to declamations, songs and speeches.

Several gatherings of this nature have been held at this place in previous years, but none have given quite so much satisfaction and pleasure to all concerned as the one herein described. Miss Hann has certainly enjoyed the esteem and good will of her pupils, as their diligence and faithful application to their studies and loyal friendship prove.

A HOUSEHOLDER.

NOTES FROM WILMOT.

WILMOT, April 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Malone have commenced housekeeping West of Winesberg...Fred Nauman has a saw mill on his farm near town...Country schools are closing...D. W. Smedley is building on the old postoffice lot...The David Pfouts farm has been sold to two of the heirs...Our people can feast on eight cent Easter eggs this year, that being the price now paid...O. C. Ricksecker is back again from Columbus...Many changed their place of residence this week.

CRYSTAL SPRING LETLER.

CRYSTAL SPRING, April 3.—The Indian Crystal show, minus the Indians, held forth in Pahlau's hall Wednesday and Thursday evenings, and played to fair sized crowds both nights. They also contemplate showing Friday evening. They travel by boat, and expect to make the trip down the canal to the Ohio river, and then on down to New Orleans.

James Beitel is again laid up with a severe attack of rheumatism, causing him many restless hours.

Owing to the Indian Crystal show, no singing was held in the school house Wednesday night.

Harris Smith and Tom Dunckly are busily engaged in clearing away the logs, trees and old rubbish in the river from the trestle on the switch leading to the mines. Owing to the high water in the river it was necessary to unload four carloads of stone at the trestle, where the water had already washed a deep hole and had threatened to do a great deal of damage to the bridge.

Millport mine is working full time. Hernbrook and North Massillon about half time.

A FARMER ASSIGNS

NAVARRE, April 2—Thomas McCormick, a prominent farmer of Bethlehem township, who resides two miles east of town, has assigned to James D. Allman. Liabilities, $4,500; assets, $5,000. Depreciation in value of farm property may be given as the cause.

A team belonging to Louis Click ran away from his farm hand when coming down the Rhine hill in Bethlehem, yesterday. They shattered a lamp post near Loew & Swaller's store, and after tearing away from the wagon were caught by Messrs. Eshman and Swaller.

Receiver Goshorn is having the grocery stock of Meyers & Geukes appraised today. L Meyers and wife will move back to Canton, while Mr. Geukes and family will remain here.

THE APRIL MEETING.

Routine Work of the Board of Trade Thursday Night.

The April meeting of the board of trade was held in the mayor's court room on Thursday night. The members present were Dr. T. J. Reed, J. C. F. Putman, R. W. McCaughey, H. C. Diel henn, Jacob Foltz, Daniel Hemperly, James R. Dunn, G. L. Albrecht, C. A. Gates, H. C. Brown, Secretary E. A. Jones and President Wm. F. Ricks. The secretary read communications from Senator S. J. Williams and Representative Thomas Austin concerning their efforts in securing the appropriation for the Massillon hospital for insane

The secretary of the Cleveland chamber of commerce expressed thanks in behalf of its members, for the prompt action taken by the local board in endorsing Senate bill No. 127

A letter from the Cincinnati Commercial Club was accompanied by fifty copies of a recent discussion on taxation in Ohio. The pamphlets were distributed. The national board of commerce also expressed thanks for promptness on the part of the local board in endorsing the one-cent postage movement.

Secretary J. W. McCaulley, of the National Postage Movement Club, of Chicago, solicited the support of the local board to effect the passage of the postage revision bills. The secretary was instructed to notify Secretary McCaulley that action had already been taken at the solicitation of the national board.

A communication from the Denver chamber of commerce relative to the free coinage of silver and gold, was read and filed.

The ways and means committee of the House of Representatives at Washington, D. C., by communication, asked for consideration on the part of the board in regard to reciprocity commercial treaties. The matter was referred to the committee on manufactories.

President Ricks stated to the members present that it would be necessary for the board to take action in regard to the contract with Meuser & Co., by which the board agreed to dispose of six pianos. The matter came up for discussion in the executive session.

The committee to which the Columbian Heights bridge matter was referred was granted further time and instructed to consider the advisability of annexing the Heights to the city.

The board adjourned.

J. A Poorman, Pigeon Run, O., breeder of barred Plymouth Rocks exclusively; eggs at half breeders' price. Inspection of flock solicited.

MOSES FARMER KILLED

North Lawrence the Scene of a Frightful Accident.

RUN DOWN BY EXPRESS NO. 9.

A Massillon Brewing Company Truck Tossed Off the Tracks and Falls Upon Moses Farmer Causing His Instant Death—The Driver Escapes.

The railroad crossing on the main street of North Lawrence was again the scene of a fatal accident, Friday, about noon as the fast express No. 9 whizzed by, going westward. Moses Farmer, a miner of middle age, who stood 30 feet from the Ft. Wayne tracks was instantly killed, and a truck owned by the Massillon Brewing company was demolished, but the driver and horses escaped.

The brewery truck, driven by Charles Matju, was passing through town going north. It was loaded with empty beer kegs. A freight train, bound east, had just gone by, and the driver, noting the freight train, but inattentive to trains that might be approaching from the east on the second track, started to drive across. Before he had cleared the rails the express train which had been hidden behind the freight, dashed into the vehicle, and snapping it into kindling wood tossed it in a heap upon Moses Farmer, who stood thirty feet away. When the debris was removed, blood was found gushing from his mouth and nose, and he was dead. Charles Matju, the driver, escaped by some wonderful chance, and ran after the horses. They were uninjured. Matju complains of trouble in his back, which pains him quite a little. The loss of Anton Kopp, proprietor of the brewery, amounts to about $200.

The body of poor Farmer was taken to the railroad station where it awaits the coming of Coroner McQuate. His home is three quarters of a mile from the center of the town. He was s good miner and a good citizen. He was 57 years of age and leaves seven children. One of his boys was fatally burned in a powder explosion at the Dalton mine, about a year ago. It is a singular coincidence that two years ago he was struck, but not seriously injured, by a train on this same crossing.

President Ratchford, of the United Mine Workers, heard of the disaster while in THE INDEPENDENT office this afternoon, and spoke in high terms of the victim of the frightful occurrence. North Lawrence has been greatly shocked by the affair, and deep sympathy is expressed with the family of the deceased.

IN THE MINING FIELD.

President Ratchford Surveys the Situation.

QUIET GENERALLY PREVAILS.

A Number of Strikes Involving Local Issues—Screens Cause Trouble In and About Salineville and Palmyra—What the State Convention Will Do.

State president M. D. Ratchford, of the U. M. W. of A., reports that with one or two exceptions, the various mining districts of the state are in a peaceful and flourishing condition.

"The 250 miners of Palmyra employed at the Hudson coal company's two mines," said he, "are still on strike for the enforcement of contract provisions. The screen formerly used at those mines had diamond bars which the miners and operators legislated out of existence by their December contract. The company named had some seventy days notice to make the change which they have not yet done although expressing their willingness to put in flat bars. The bar desired by them is only $\frac{3}{8}$ of an inch wide, while the bar agreed to is $\frac{5}{8}$ and in some cases $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch wide.

"Salineville miners are also idle and have been since March 10 in resisting the use of a 1½ inch screen, which had formerly been used by the mines in that section. The miners employed by the Brown Coal company of that place have resumed work, the desired change in the screen having been made. The Ohio & Pennsylvania and the Big Vein Coal companies' mines employing about 400 men are still idle and will remain so until the companies named carry out the provisions of their contract. Although those mines have been idle for more than 20 days, that trouble is still in its early stages so far as the miners are concerned. Steps will be taken in a few days and more effective means employed to bring these companies to terms. Every precaution was resorted to to avert this strike, but the companies were obstinate and would neither make the change nor refer the case to a joint committee of miners and operators appointed for that purpose. Our coming convention will make provisions for the support of the strikers and no coal will be mined at Salineville during the lake season, excepting under contract provisions."

Roentgen Rays Used.

OMAHA, April 4.—[By Associated Press]—Roentgen rays have been successfully used to locate a bullet in the hand of a pupil of the public schools. Extraction, which otherwise would have been dangerous, if not impossible, was made safe and easy.

HARRISON IS PLEASED.

NEW YORK, April 4.—[By Associated Press]—General Harrison was greatly pleased last night to receive official notice of the passage of a joint resolution enabling him to accept the decorations offered by Spain and Brazil as tokens of esteem. He esteems both the passage of the resolution and its signature by the President, on the eve of his marriage, as especially courteous.

WHERE M'KINLEY LEADS

Already 289 Votes in President Electing States.

SOME CONVINCING FIGURES.

The Argument that He is Fighting for Delegates in States that Cannot Elect Him Falls to Pieces—Facts in the Case Carefully Considered.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—When the earlier contests for national delegates were being waged in the South, the cry was raised by the anti-McKinley combine that the Ohio candidate was fighting for the support of states that could not help to elect him. The agents of Speaker Reed, Senator Allison, Governor Morton and Senator Quay went all through the South, and wherever they found the McKinley sentiment so strong that they realized it was hopeless to try to win the delegates for any of their candidates, they then tried to persuade the Republicans to send "uninstructed delegations" to St. Louis, and there see which candidate the "President-electing states," which they claimed were not for McKinley, were supporting, and get in under his umbrella. In a recent interview published in the Times, Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, told how this argument was being used in his state, in the hope of turning the McKinley tide.

The canvass has reached a point where the drift of sentiment in the states which must elect the next Republican President can be very plainly perceived. The states of Kansas, Minnesota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Indiana, with the exception of the four delegates-at-large, who will, without doubt, be for the Ohio man, have already declared for McKinley. These states cast 146 votes in national convention. It is conceded that Maj McKinley will get the solid vote of Michigan, Nebraska, North Dakota and Oregon, with 58 votes more, making a total of 204. It is not regarded as an exaggerated estimate to say that Maj. McKinley will receive, on first ballot, from Delaware, West Virginia, Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, California, Colorado, Montana, Nevada, Washington and Wyoming, 85 votes This would give him, on the first ballot from the "President-electing States" 289 votes at the lowest computation.

Conceding to Speaker Reed the 78 votes from New England, it remains the fact that not a single delegate has as yet been elected for him in any other "President-electing state." Mr. Allison's 26 votes from his own state are all that he has as yet from the states that must elect a Republican President If Governor Morton has any outside of New York, and there McKinley has votes, their location in "President electing states" is unknown. Senators Quay and Cullom have no delegates outside of their states, neither of which gives them solid support, In New England, New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois Major McKinley is certainly the second choice. In some of these states he would be first choice had the people a chance to freely express their preference.

Taking the entire vote of the states which elect Republican Presidents, Major McKinley has 289 votes, while, if all the rest go to Reed, Morton, Quay, Cullom and Allison, they number 262, with McKinley overwhelmingly their second choice. The man who can command a majority of the delegates from the Republican states against the combined opposition of real and fake candidates is certainly the people's choice in this campaign.

POOR ARMENIA'S PLIGHT.

BOSTON, April 4.—[By Associated Press]—From recent letters from eastern Turkey it appears that the condition of the destitute is most deplorable in spite of relief work. Almost the entire Armenian nation is struggling for existence, under conditions the very contemplation of which almost makes one long for death. Whole families are hungry and scantily clothed. They sleep on the ground at night. In the long evenings they converse in whispers lest the enemies, whom they know are listening, shall find out if they still use their native language, which has been forbidden.

BEFORE THE MAYOR.

Victims of Their Own Indiscretions at the Seat of Justice.

Frank Taylor, a graduate of both the Keeley and Silver Ash institutes, appeared before Mayor Schott Friday afternoon, and after pleading guilty to a charge of drunkenness, was fined the costs, $4.50, to stand committed until paid. Taylor came here from Alliance some time ago and is said to be an artist of considerable ability.

Whitewash brushes, scrub and paint brush brushes at popular prices at West Side Variety Bazar.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache. 25c at all druggists

TWO BROTHERS KILLED

Another Shocking Railroad Accident Today.

RUN DOWN BY EXPRESS NO. 4.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Fast Train Bears Down Upon a Wagon Load of Men Who Failed to Note Its Approach.

KILLED.

Azy Soncennetta, aged 18, of Navarre.
Frank Soncennetta, aged 25, of Navarre.

North bound passenger train No. 4, on the C., L & W. railroad, due in Massillon at 9:25 o'clock, was fifteen minutes behind time Saturday morning. In the baggage car were the dead and bleeding bodies of two unfortunate Italian coal miners named Sonce netta, the victims of another appalling but unavoidable railroad accident. The scene of the disaster was the road which crosses the C., L. & W. and W. & L. E. tracks near Warmington, a short distance from Paul's brick yard. Here the tracks run side by side scarcely twelve feet apart A vehicle containing three persons, all brothers, stood at the east side of the tracks shortly after 9 o'clock Saturday morning, waiting for a W. & L. E. freight train to pass. When the last car had sped by the driver started the horse. The W. & L. E. road was crossed in safety, but just as the carriage gained the center of the C., L. & W. track passenger train No. 4 crashed into it, shattering the vehicle to splinters and hurling the occupants to the side of the track.

Frank Soncennetta, aged about 25 years, the eldest of the brothers, was killed instantly. Azy Soncennetta, aged about 18 years, was still alive when picked up, but the last spark of life was extincr by the time the train reached this city. The other brother, whose name is not known by some miraculous chance escaped with a few trifling bruises. The bodies were brought to Massillon where Coroner McQuate was summoned, while the uninjured brother ran to Navarre and apprised his relatives of the terrible accident.

Engineer Eugene Sanborn, of train No. 4, said this morning that he did not have an instant in which to reverse his engine. "I did not see the carriage until I struck it," said he. "We were running at a good rate of speed and from my position at the window I did not catch sight of the men until we crashed into them. The one survivor told me that they were brothers and lived in Navarre."

Undertaker Julius Hug, John Wilhefer, James Deline and Joseph Piumbo, of Navarre, arrived in the city at 1 o'clock and took charge of the bodies. Coroner McQuate decided that he would take no testimony in the case today but will hold the inquest some day next week, when the trainmen will be able to be present.

According to the story of John Soncennetta, the uninjured brother, the men were on their way to a farm where they intended to buy a cow, for which purpose the eldest brother had a twenty dollar note in his pocket. This was found on his person and was placed in the hands of the coroner, together with several other articles. Young Soncennetta says that he did not occupy the same seat as his brothers, but sat on the bottom in the rear of the vehicle. When the crash came he leaped from his position and escaped injury. The father of the young men resides in Navarre Frank, the eldest, was married. All were coal miners and were employed in the Goat Hill mine.

The news of the accident was received with general expressions of regret by the people of Navarre, where they were well and favorably known.

Trainmen say that the body of the horse, which was killed instantly, was found at a distance of over 100 feet from where the accident occurred.

COULD NOT AGREE.

The Burns Jury Discharged this Afternoon.

JURY STOOD 4 FOR ACQUITTAL.

Another chapter in the Sherodsville Prize Fight Case—The Jury Out All Night but Unable to Agree—Discharged at Two p. m.

CARROLLTON, April 2.—The closing arguments in the case of the state of Ohio against Michael Burns, charged with prize fighting, which has been in progress before Judge Smith and a jury since Tuesday, were made Wednesday, and the fate of Burns was given over to the twelve jurors. About seventy witnesses were subpoenaed and nearly that number testified. The testimony produced by the defense, though in the main a repetition of that of the Aston trial, is said, in some respects, to be stronger, and the attorneys, Messrs. Fimple & McDonald, hoped for an acquittal. Prosecuting Attorney Adair and Assistant L. H. Blythe were equally confident of a verdict of guilty. Burns and Aston are in good health. They say they have comfortable beds, are well fed, and treated kindly by all.

The jury in the Burns case after remaining out all night, reported at 2 p. m. this afternoon, that they were unable to agree upon a verdict and were discharged. The prisoner went back to the jail smiling. He will not be tried again until the May term. It is reported that the jury stood four for acquittal and eight for conviction.

ABOUT SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Questions Asked at the Canal Fulton Examination.

The following lists were given applicants for teachers' certificates at Canal Fulton, March 28:

ARITHMETIC.

What must the dividend be if the divisor is 38 125 and the quotient 5.25?

The use of $750 cost me $37.50 a year; what did I pay per hundred?

The diameter of a wheel is 40 inches; how many rods will the wheel progress in turning 150 times?

In the center of a room, 12 feet square, lies a rug 6 feet long and 5 feet wide; how many square feet of the room are uncovered? (Draw a diagram)

What part of an ounce Troy is an ounce avoirdupois?

A merchant placed 80 per cent. of his year's profits in a bank; having drawn out 20 per cent of this profit, $2,880 remained; what were his profits for the year?

If 300 laborers can make an embankment in 48 days; how many *more* days would be required if the number of men is diminished by 60?

The volume of a cube is 175,616 cubic inches; what will it cost to gild it at 2 cents per square foot?

For what time does Mr. B. pay interest, if he pays $84 on $5,600 at the rate of 4½%?

3 05 multiplied by 1,000 equals what?

.007 divided by 10,000 equals what?

Express the answers in figures and words.

GRAMMAR.

Write one sentence that illustrates the apposition of nouns in the three cases. One that contains an adjective clause with a conjunctive adverb as the connective

Write sentences in which the following words are correctly used: Lie, lay, set, sit, shall, and will.

Write one sentence containing three nouns in the nominative case, each governed by a different rule of syntax.

Write an application for a school and give special attention to form, punctuation and capitals.

Illustrate the different uses of the infinitive. Tell what use you make of it in your illustration.

Write a sentence containing a noun clause as subject. Diagram the sentence.

Give the case and syntax of the nouns in small capitals: (1) There is a man called a ROGUE; (2) I had, now, NOTHING left but RETIREMENT; (3) Men continue MEN'S DESTROYERS.

Write correctly the following: (1) I will try and come; (2) I hoped to have seen you yesterday; (3) He went that far yesterday: (4) Do not do like he did; (5) What kind of an apple is it?

Write sentences illustrating the difference between the possessive pronoun and a pronoun in the possessive case.

Write two sentences illustrating clearly the correct use of "each other" and "one another."

GEOGRAPHY.

Where is the center of population of the United States? In what direction was it moving in the last decade?

Name the regions of our country remarkable for great natural wonders?

Locate Oklahoma, Minneapolis, Honolulu, Bahia, and Athens.

In what does the wealth of Alaska consist?

Name the principal colonial possessions of Great Britain.

Why are the polar circles located where they are?

In what parts of the world is Spanish the language of the people?

Draw an outline map of South America locating the chief mountains and rivers.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Describe the different kinds of articulation in the human skeleton.

State the uses of taste and smell.

What disorders of the body often have their origin in the school room?

How do arteries differ from veins?

Trace the nervous impulse that causes the removal of a burning finger from the fire.

Explain the use of the perspiratory glands.

What is the most important muscle involved in breathing?

What are the effects of alcoholics on the body if used habitually?

U. S HISTORY.

What colony was established by Oglethorpe? What were his objects?

What can you say of the Connecticut constitution of 1639.

Tell of the death of Columbus and what he accomplished.

When and where was the beginning of our common school system?

When was the present site of Chicago first visited by white men?

Name the chief objective points in the French and Indian War

Name five living and five dead American writers.

Name ten of our greatest inventors.

Name ten American generals and associate an event with each one.

What is meant by the "Sherman bill"? Is it now in force?

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

What means do you use to secure good oral reading?

What abuses of the text-book by teachers and pupils have you observed?

What appliances do you consider indispensable to the best work in school?

How do you proceed to form the proper public opinion in school?

Name the seven school virtues mentioned in Dr. White's School Management.

What are you doing to increase your efficiency as a teacher?

Of the twenty-eight persons in attendance, A F. Crise and W. S. Spidle were granted certificates for two years each, and F. Guillionma, Adolph M. Hay, N. M. Keck, E. J. McLaughlin, Misses Etta Aultman, Mary B. Danner, Helen M. Earnshaw and Jennie C. Myers for one year each.

IF THE STEEL POOL HOLDS

PITTSBURG, April 4.—[By Associated Press]—P. H. Laufman, the veteran tin plate producer, predicts that if the new steel pool holds together ninety days, nearly every tin plate factory in the country, will be driven out of existence. The advance in the price of steel billets will be such as to give the Welsh manufacturers an advantage of $5 a ton over American producers.

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WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1896.

The tempest in a teapot concerning plans for attending the St. Louis convention has been settled in the most sensible manner. The northern Ohio delegation, including parties from Cleveland and Stark county will go together and it is expected that a rate of $8 will be secured. It will be the greatest excursion that ever left this part of Ohio, and the Massillon contingent will be on hand to do its full share of shouting.

Senator Williams acknowledges the receipt of Postmaster Russell's bill clipping the wings of the debt creating powers of county commissioners, by denying them the right to enter into contracts before first obtaining the necessary money, and expresses his cordial approval. Senator Williams says that he has been obliged to amend it somewhat in its penalty clause, but does not state the nature of the amendment. Probably he has not made a material change. The penalty clause is the vital feature of the bill. The legislature has heretofore been in the habit of passing laws without providing penalties, and they are pretty useless. If a bill is worth passing it ought to be worth while to make infraction of it punishable. Those who do not disobey it cannot suffer, and those who do, deserve to suffer.

The early business prosperity of M. A. Hanna, who is now in general charge of the McKinley movement, was due to legitimate business enterprise in developing the Massillon coal trade. On September 27, 1864, Mr. Hanna was married to Miss C. Augusta Rhodes, daughter of the late D. P. Rhodes, and three years later, when the great pioneer iron and coal firm of Rhodes & Card retired from business, he became a member of its successor, the firm of Rhodes & Co,, the other members of which were Robert Rhodes and Geo. H. Warmington. They were heavy dealers in coal and iron, and for a number of years did an extensive business, their mines being located in the Tuscarawas Valley, while their trade extended all over the country. The firm was dissolved in 1885, being succeeded by M. A. Hanna & Co., of which Mr. Hanna became the senior member.

The county commissioners are unanimously of the opinion that the bill giving them salaries of $1,500 a year, each, this sum to include expenses, and requiring them to devote all their time to public duties, is not so good a bill as the one making the salary $1,800 a year. It is generally agreed, however, that the principle embodied in the bill is a good one. It will prevent any such disclosures as those of last winter, and that was the first object in view. The most serious complaint against the bill is that a commissioner residing at the county seat, and who has little or no mileage to pay, receives as much as a commissioner from Alliance or Massillon, but objections of this score can be reduced to a minimum by districting the county, and appointing one commissioner to supervise each district, and report at regular meetings, and the whole board to visit different localities only when different opinions arise concerning the report. An immense amount of good telling work should result from the constant supervision of three alert men.

SPAIN'S BRUTALITY.

The New York World prints a horrible picture, that may or may not be accurate, purporting to have been drawn from a photograph of a Cuban executed by the garrote, since January 1st. The insurgent in the white death robe has been brought from Morro Castle and chained in the chair. His neck is fastened to the post by an iron collar. The white cap is drawn over his face. The executioner, who is a criminal, turns the lever and drives a steel-pointed screw crunching into his spine The World adds: "In Havana political prisoners who are accorded the form of a trial go to the garrote. The others leave Morro Castle, how no one knows, nor when. If the sharks have already dined the flood tide brings the bodies in upon the sands for the sea birds. The garrote, like the tattered, blood-stained prestige of Spain, is a survival of the dark ages. This is a common scene outside Morro Castle"

The picture was shown to a number of congressmen, among them, Mr. R. W. Tayler, who said: "It is impossible for me to realize any such execution occurring in modern times. Language is not adequate to characterize the barbarity of it."

A PERSONAL ATTACK.

Our Democratic citizens do not seem to have learned from experience, in causing the circulation of an anonymous letter supposed to reflect upon Mr. Dunn, the Republican candidate for mayor, and others prominent in the party. They have forgotten that there was once upon a time a Morey letter and it played a very conspicuous part in electing General Garfield to the presidency. The publication of an anonymous letter is such a venerable and stupid way of maligning an individual, that it is almost impossible to become indignant over it. One rather pities the cheap and cowardly efforts of the author of such a screed, and the effect is invariably the opposite of the one intended. Assassins get little comfort, whether they use knives or bad pens. It would appear from this particular effusion that Mr. Dunn wears clean shirts and equally important allegations and innuendos run through the text, which is longer than the moral law and not half so interesting.

It is rather a pity that so decent a campaign should be marred at its close by a personal attack, and for the credit of the community it is to be hoped that the threatened circulation of other charges on the very eve of the election will not be permitted. It hardly need be said that any accusation held back from the public until it is too late for the accused to know its nature discounts itself. Mr. Dunn is here to meet any issue that may be raised, and to answer any fair inquiry fairly made, but not to dignify scurrility by reply, and to all suggestions that he rush into print he has very properly said no. Mr. Dunn has spent all his life in Massillon, and is associated with its interests by every human tie. It ought not to be necessary at this late hour, when for the first time he stands as a candidate among the people with whom he has lived, to call attention to his unvarying courtesy and scrupulous respect for the rights and beliefs of others.

On Monday the people of this city will elect a successor to Mayor Schott, and can take opportunity to rebuke effectively the method of the men at the bottom of this sort of business as well as to elect one worthy to fill the office.

THE BICYCLE IN MASSILLON.

The bicycle is with us again, and more numerously than ever. The wiseacres who shook their heads a year ago and announced that wheeling was a fad and certain to diminish in popularity before the beginning of the present season, must re-adjust their prophecies. The woman's gear, tolerated or denounced a year ago, like the wheels, has been subjected to improvements. Artistic hands have snipped and shaped the garb of the bicycle girl until it is becoming, and the sport that puts such color into cheeks that were wan and pale has acquired additional dignity and importance. The man, or woman, either, who walks is more than ever a plodder, and must look lively or it will soon be he who occupies the streets or sidewalks by sufferance, and not the rider of a wheel. All this is prefatory to an urgent plea that the city laws relating to bicycling be expanded to meet very present requirements, and that the existing ordinances be more rigidly enforced.

The ordinance which was drawn and passed in response to a petition from the wheelmen themselves, specifies 8 miles an hour as the maximum speed within the city limits. Youthful exuberance, however, causes it to be violated daily, and especially upon the Main street hill. That accidents are not more frequent is due to no precautions on the part of the average bicycle rider, but rather because of the nervous watchfulness of the poor pedestrian. Now the situation ought to be reversed. It is the wheelman who has the advantage, anyway, and it is he who should be on the lookout, and made to declare his approach by a reasonable ringing of the bell. When he coasts or plunges madly down the grade he should be arrested, and the policemen ought to educate themselves up to the point of inculcating sound doctrine in the minds of this large class of persons. Let us have no favoritism. When a horseman overreaches the limit he is arrested. When a pedestrian is disorderly he is arrested. When a bicycle rider forgets himself he ought to be arrested, too.

And then there is another thing. The bicycle cannot be heard, and at night it cannot be seen Every wheel should have a lantern, and there should be a penalty in case of failure to show a light after nightfall. Finally there is the matter of adhering to the rules of the road, and right here our carriage drivers are more frequently at fault than the wheelmen. There is one simple, inflexible, and legally accepted dictum, and that is, "stick to the right." Those who fail to do so are in the wrong, and in any court of justice, in the event of injury arising, will be so held. As to the occasional practice of riding in battalions, and thus occupying the whole width of the street, that is an amusement rarely indulged in except by children. It cannot well be reached except through the influence of parents. They owe it to themselves not to permit their little ones to imperil their lives by dashing in troops under the heels of horses. Good nature and good sense alone can work out many problems that are bound to present themselves for solution.

These few obsersations are not made in a contentious spirit. Not at all. They simply constitute recognition of a new element in our life, for which room must be made. We are now adjusting ourselves to the permanent use of the bicycle as a vehicle and not as a toy, and we should do so like reasonable beings, before we have a chapter of accidents to deplore.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

WEYLER'S BUTCHERS.

Cuba Reeking With Blood of Innocent and Defenseless.

MURDERS BY THE WHOLESALE.

By Weyler's Orders Spanish Soldiers Are Hacking and Shooting Men, Women and Children—Prisoners Tortured In Havana—Debate In House.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—The Picayune's special Havana letter gives this summary of events personally investigated by the writer, which is declared to be accurate in every respect:

In Bainoa Dr. Vodal Sotolongo made an operation on a poor old man, and when he was convalescent he was one night arrested and taken to the armory of the Guardia Civil where they lashed him all over the body, made him dig his own grave, where he was buried at his death.

On the plantation "Salvador" of the Count de Barreto, Lieutenant Betancourt, a Cuban by birth, belonging to the troops of General Aldecoa, shot to death, after hacking with a machete, a defenseless colored man. On the first blow he lost an arm and the second his head.

In the city of Batano the chief of police and other local authorities arrested three individuals and took them on the outskirts of the town, where they were butchered and left dead on the roadside.

In the village of San Felipe, soldiers under command of Colonel Galbis and Colonel Linares, captured three inoffensive laborers and hacked them to pieces, amid the laughter of the troops.

In the city of Bejufal, Brigadier Calixto Ruiz was waited upon by seven Cuban insurgents who wished to surrender, as they were suffering from bilious fever. The following day they were shot to death.

At Gutav Colonel Marquez de Corvera entered the town, and as a result the women and children, the sick and the dying, were butchered, 47 in number.

This has happened at Lugane, San Jose, Corral Falso and Jesus del Monte.

On the plantation Joquiabo a detachment of Spanish troops assaulted a laborer's shanty and after tying Eladio Pedroza they shot his wife to death, one of the bullets striking her little child, which was in her arms, and breaking her arms.

In the plantation of La Serafina, Sergeant Altamirano shot an aged laborer named Carlos Sanchez because he refused to act as guide for the Spanish column.

In the same village, on the Azcarate plantation, the soldiers shot Duis Lugo without provocation.

In the township of Jaruco, on the plantation of Morales, the troops of Colonel Tore arrested four men and one woman on the charge of being insurgent sympathizers, and took them to the armory, where they were beaten and subsequently killed.

In the village of San Antonio de Los Banos a man named Bonito Lozada, suspected of insurgent tendencies, was shot to death by soldiers.

In the village of San Matias, near Jaruco, the forces of Colonel Tejarizo violated the women of the family of Jose Calabuche.

On the Plantation Calixto, near San Antonio de Las Vegas, Captain Manuel Ruiz Adame shot to death an inoffensive imbecile.

Troops under command of General Ecuadue entered the towns of Limonar and Lumidero boasting that they had killed 15 rebel sympathizers and showed their bloody arms as proofs of their butchery.

Lieutenant Corral V. Pedroso of a cavalry batallion made the statement, in the presence of various persons, that he had struck down, with his sword, two negroes, and further added that when he left the field he killed every Cuban he could get hold of on the simplest charge, as every Cuban was an insurgent at heart and that General Weyler had given instructions to the commanders of the operating columns to dispose of as many insurgent sympathizers as possible, and that he would stop any talk and would stand between the officers and the public, but that the insurgents must be put an end to at all hazards.

The correspondent says that while at Trinidad he heard that the Rev. Father Cuevro Y. Canonigo had said: "I believe that all the Cubans possible should be killed off and clear the country, and in that manner make room for families which would be brought over from Spain to Cuba. The Cubans who send their children to the United States to be educated should be taken hold of by the police and quietly placed where they would do the least harm, because those Americans have republican ideas which are the real cause of the present desire of the Cubans to revolt. The Yankees are responsible for the war."

While at Trinidad, he paid a visit to an insurgent camp and found that the wives and daughters of a great many of the insurgents were with them. Many were shining social lights of the cities of Mantanzas, Cardenas, Cienfugos, Santiago, Camaguey and Havana. The camps were orderly, well established and disciplined.

A Tampa special says: Letters received from Cuba state that last Tuesday, 17 political prisoners were shot in the Fortress Cabanas in Havana, and that 25 were to be executed on Wednesday.

Luis Martinez Y. Vigner, the American citizen arrested March 26 in Havana writes that he will probably be sent to prison at Centa Africa.

CLEVELAND FOR RECOGNITION.

An Administration Leader's Significant Statement In the House.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The agitation of the question of the Cuban belligerency has been revived in the house in connection with the conference report on the Cuban resolutions.

It was not expected that there would be much debate, but Mr. Boutelle, by his vigorous opposition, prevented action.

Mr. Hitt, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, in presenting the conference report, made a very temperate speech in course of which he expressed the greatest confidence that the president, although the resolutions being concurred it had no binding effect on the executive, "would not be so recreant to his duty as to disregard the express wish of congress." He, in fact, refused to entertain the suggestion that Mr. Cleveland might not recognize the belligerency of the Cubans as a result of the adoption of the resolutions.

In this connection Mr. Patterson (Dem., Tenn.), who is recognized as one of the administration leaders on the floor, made a significant statement. "If the Cubans are united," he asked, "in the cause of independence they are entitled to autonomy, and if the United States would interfere to prevent Spain from acquiring new territory in this hemisphere, why should we not interfere to prevent her from retaining territory by subjugation?"

Mr. Boutelle, on the other hand, maintained that it was an open secret that the administration was opposed to granting belligerency to the Cubans. There were several exciting incidents during his speech.

MORE HONORS FROM CRESPO.

Will Erect a Monument to Americans Who Fought For Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, April 4. — President Crespo of Venezuela has taken another step toward the conspicuous honoring of American citizens by issuing a decree directing the erection of a bronze column in honor of the citizens of the United States who aided Venezuela in the first struggle for independence. The decree has just been received at the Venezuelan legation here. Venezuela has honored this government heretofore by erecting a statue of Washington and proposes another statue to President Monroe commemorative of the Monroe doctrine, so that the erection of this bronze column is a further evidence of the friendly feeling existing.

The decree states that the column is a memorial to the following citizens of the United States: Captain Donahue, Lieutenant Billop and Privates James Gardner, Charles Johnson, Gustavus Bugrud, Paul T. George, Daniel Kemper, Miles T. Hall, John Ferris and sub-Lieutenant Francis Parquharson. The decree further recites the interesting services of these men who joined Miranda in an expedition which left New York in 1805 for the avowed purpose of freeing Venezuela from the Spanish rule. The party were captured at Puerto Cabello, and the Americans were shot by Spanish soldiers outside the castle of San Felippe. Miranda escaped and subsequently took part in signing the declaration of Venezuelan independence.

The column is to be erected at Puerto Cabello at the point where the Americans fell. The front of the column will bear the coat of arms of the United States alongside that of Venezuela, while the sides bear the names of the American party and expression of national gratitude signed by President Crespo. The unveiling of the column is to be made on July 4, the national holiday of the United States, and is to be made notable by a demonstration lasting three days throughout Venezuela.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON A BRIDGE.

Train Breaks In Two Near Bellaire Causing a Collision Two Killed.

WHEELING, April 4.—A fatal accident has occurred on the Bellaire Baltimore and Ohio railroad bridge across the Ohio, four miles below here, which cost two lives. Freight train No. 99, westbound, with 50 workmen from the Baltimore and Ohio shops at McMechen, W. Va., on board, started across the river, closely followed by a yard engine on which there were also a number of workmen going to their homes in Bellaire. When on the first span of the bridge near the West Virginia shore the freight train broke in two, the caboose and three cars running back toward the approaching yard engine.

Charles Zeigler and Coleman Ney were sitting on the cowcatcher of the yard engine and were paralyzed with fright, when they suddenly looked up and saw the swiftly approaching cars. The men in the caboose of the parted train realized the danger and jumped, many cringing to the iron framework of the bridge. Frank Salzgaver and Patrick Flaherty, however, commenced to climb up the ladder on the rear of the caboose, but before they reached the roof the crash came and were crushed to death in the collision with the yard engine. How Zeigler and Ney escaped death is a wonder. Both the dead men are single and aged about 24 years.

An Alderman Again In Trouble.

DETROIT, April 4.—A warrant has been sworn out for the arrest of Alderman John Chris Jacob charging him with soliciting a bribe from a firm of architects in connection with the plans for the new county building He was indicted several years ago on a charge of "boodling," but escaped conviction

All About W. F. BREED

Receiving his

Spring & Summer Woolens

Good goods, Small Profit and Good Workmanship is my Motto.

W. F. Breed, Tailor.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.
Taking effect Dec. 8, 1895.

Going East.	No. 1.	No. 3	No. 5	No. 7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m	.....
Toledo.....Lv	7 55	1 05	7 45	.....
Oak Harbor	8 49	2 07	8 46	.....
Fremont.....	9 15	2 34	9 09	.....
Clyde.....	9 31	2 50	9 25	.....
Bellevue	9 44	3 10	9 45	.....
Monroeville,.....	9 58	3 27	10 07	.....
Norwalk.....	10 18	3 41	10 21	.....
Wellington,.....	11 05	4 35	11 10	.....
Spencer	11 20	4 51	11 25	.....
Lodi	11 36	5 08	11 44	.....
Creston,.....	11 50	5 30	12 01 a	.....
Orrville,.....	12 17 p	6 17	12 33	a. m.
Massillon.....	12 50	6 50	1 10	5 30
Navarre.....	1 28	.....	5 47	5 47
Valley Jct.....	2 05	.....	6 25	6 35
Canal Dover.....	2 40	.....	.....	.....
Marietta	7 05	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville	2 30	.....	7 00	7 00
Bowerston,.....	2 45	.....	7 14	7 14
Scio.....	3 01	.....	7 29	7 29
Jewett.....	3 15	.....	7 44	7 44
Dillonvale.....	4 09	.....	8 39	8 39
Warrenton.....	4 25	.....	8 55	8 55
Brilliant	4 52	.....	9 37	9 37
Mingo Jct.....	5 00	.....	9 45	9 45
Steubenville.....	5 10	.....	9 55	9 55
Martin's Ferry...	4 53	.....	9 28	9 28
Wheeling.....	5 05	.....	9 40	9 40

Going West.	No. 6	No. 8	No. 2*	No. 4
	a m,	p.m,	.....	.....
Wheeling	8 30	6 30	.....	.....
Martin's Ferry...	8 42	6 42	.....	.....
Steubenville,.....	8 15	6 25	.....	.....
Mingo Jct.....	8 25	6 35	.....	.....
Brilliant.....	8 33	6 43	.....	.....
Warrenton,.....	9 15	7 15	.....	.....
Dillonvale.....	9 32	7 34	.....	.....
Jewett.....	10 25	8 32	.....	.....
Scio.....	10 39	8 47	.....	.....
Bowerston,.....	10 53	9 05	.....	.....
Leesville.....			.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	11 08	9 22	.....	.....
N. Cumberland..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valley Jct.....	11 30	9 50	.....	.....
Navarre.....	12 12 p	10 30	a. m.	a. m.
Massillon.....	12 50	10 50	4 20	9 00
Orrville,.....	1 28	4 58 a	4 58	9 42
Creston.....	2 05	5 45	5 45	10 15
Lodi	2 21	6 02	6 02	10 32
Spencer	2 38	6 19	6 19	10 50
Wellington,.....	2 55	6 34	6 34	11 05
Norwalk	3 53	7 23	7 23	12 10 p
Monroeville,...	4 05	7 34	7 34	12 22
Bellevue,.....	4 18	7 50	7 50	12 40
Clyde	4 30	8 05	8 05	1 08
Fremont.....	4 44	8 23	8 23	1 19
Oak Harbor	5 04	8 49	8 49	1 42
Toledo .....Ar	6 00	9 45	9 45	2 40

Huron Division.

From Norwalk	No. 10	From Huron,....	No. 9
	a. m.		p. m.
Norwalk Lv	5 35	Huron,..... ...Lv	5 30
Milan.....	6 05	Milan,.....	6 08
Huron..... Ar	6 30	Norwalk.....Ar	6 25

*Daily.—(Trains Nos. 2 and 9 daily.)
†Daily except Sunday.
‖Sunday only.

JAMES M. HALL,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry., Co
Time table in effect Nov. 24, 1895.

North Bound	No. 4	6	8	2
Central Standard	a. m,	p. m.	p, m,	a m
Bellaire	6 00	12 25	3 40	.....
Bridgeport.....	6 15	12 40	4 00	.....
Uhrichsville	8 10	*2 33	6 00	5 20
New Philadelphia....	8 28	2 53	6 17	5 38
Canal Dover.....	8 36	3 00	6 24	5 45
Justus	9 08	3 30	6 53	6 14
Massillon.....	9 25	3 45	7 10	6 30
Warwick.....	9 50	4 10	.....	6 54
Sterling.....	10 12	4 33	.....	7 18
Medina.....	10 37	5 00	.....	7 44
Lester	10 50	5 44	2 08	8 27
Grafton	11 07	6 02	2 21	8 45
Elyria.....	11 21	6 21	2 36	9 00
Lorain.....	11 35	6 35	2 50	9 15
Lester Junc.....	11 49	6 15	.....	7 58
Cleveland	11 50	*6 15	.....	9 00

South Bound.	1	3		
Valley Depot.	a. m,	p, m,	a, m,	p,m,
Lv. Cleveland.....	*7 20	1 00	.....	4 35
Lester Junc.....	8 22	2 00	.....	5 35
Lorain	7 00	1 05	9 50	4 10
Elyria.....	7 15	1 19	10 05	4 25
Grafton.....	7 32	1 36	10 21	4 43
Lester.....	8 22	2 00	10 40	5 35
Medina.....	8 31	2 09	.....	5 45
Sterling.....	8 57	2 36	.....	6 17
Warwick.....	9 20	2 58	.....	6 40
Massillon.....	9 47	3 22	6 30	7 10
Justus.....	10 03	3 39	6 46	7 26
Canal Dover.....	10 33	4 09	7 16	7 57
New Philadelphia....	10 42	4 17	7 28	8 05
Uhrichsville.....	*11 26	4 52	7 44	8 25
Bridgeport.....	1 22	6 50	9 50	.....
Bellaire.....	1 37	7 05	10 10	.....

Passengers between Bridgeport, Martins Ferry and Wheeling take Wheeling Railway Street Car.
*Daily, between Cleveland and Uhrichsville only. Other trains daily except Sunday.
Leave St, Clairsville for Bellaire 7:50 a. m 11:56 a.m., 3:05 p m. St. Clairsville for Bridgeport 6:25 p.m. Leave Bellaire for St. Clairsville 6:55 a. m., 1:15 p. m, Bridgeport to Bellaire 6:25 a, m.
For any information regarding our trains apply to any C. L. & W. ticket agent.

W. R. WOODFORD,
Gen'l. Manager
M. G. CARREL,
Gen'l. Passenger Agent,
Cleveland, O.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	9	3	15	51	11
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh lv	*7 00	1 10	*5 00	5 00	*5 00
Beaver Falls "	8 05	2 25	7 05	6 16	5 45
Columbiana "		3 36		7 28	
Leetonia "	9 12	3 45		7 35	
Salem ..... "	9 25	4 05	8 09	7 50	6 57
Alliance ar.	9 50	4 30	8 30	8 20	6 55
Alliance lv.	9 55	4 40	8 30	8 20	PM
Maximo ... "		4 55		8 37	
Louisville ... "		5 05		8 49	
Canton ..... "	10 26	5 21	9 02	9 05	
Massillon .. "	10 38	5 40	9 15	9 23	
Lawrence ... "		5 52		9 37	
Burton City.. "		6 00		9 44	
Orrville ... "	11 01	6 05	9 41	9 55	
Smithville ... "		6 20		10 10	
Wooster ... "	11 18	6 31	10 03	10 22	
Shreve ..... "		6 50	...	10 44	
Big Prairie .. "		6 59		10 54	
Lakeville ... "		7 07		10 57	
Londonville "		7 16		11 10	
Perrysville "		7 25		11 20	39
Lucas ..... "		7 41		11 34	AM
Mansfield ... "	12 25	7 53	11 10	11 50	
Crestline ar	12 50	8 25	11 40	12 25	16 2
Bucyrus .. lv	1 17	PM	12 09	2 05	6 4
Lima ..... "	2 50		1 45	3 44	9 2
Van Wert .. "	3 34		2 29	4 33	10 1
Ft. Wayne ar.	4 25		3 25	5 30	11 2
Warsaw ..... lv.	5 31		4 42	6 51	1 0
Plymouth... "	6 06		5 20	7 33	1 5
Valparaiso "	7 21		6 30	8 28	3 1
Chicago.....ar.	9 00		8 00	9 55	4 5
	PM			PM	PM

Eastward.	20	8	4	6	
	AM	PM	PM	AM	
Chicago ..lv.	*7 30	*3 00	*11 30	*2 45	
Valparaiso.. "	9 15	4 32	1 35	4 01	
Plymouth ... "	10 38	5 45	2 58	5 00	
Warsaw ..... "	11 30	6 26	3 53	5 39	
Ft. Wayne ar	12 50	7 35	5 23	6 52	
Van Wert ..lv.	2 18	8 4	6 46	...	32
Lima ..... "	3 15	9 30	7 45	8 30	AM
Bucyrus ..... "	5 19	11 19	9 55	0 09	
Crestline .. "	6 10	11 55	10 35	10 50	4 45
Mansfield ... "	6 40	12 20	11 00	11 15	5 10
Lucas ..... "	6 54			11 28	5 23
Perrysville .. "	7 08			11 41	5 36
Londonville "	7 18			11 51	5 42
Lakeville ... "	7 30			12 03	5 52
Big Prairie .. "	7 33			12 12	5 56
Shreve ..... "	7 41			12 20	6 04
Wooster ... "	8 03	1 22	12 14	12 42	6 25
Smithville ... "	8 15	..	..	12 55	6 36
Orrville ... "	8 30	1 45	12 38	1 10	6 50
Burton City .. "	8 37				6 57
Lawrence ... "	8 45			1 30	7 05
Massillon .. "	9 03	2 07	1 03	1 48	7 20
Canton ..... "	9 20	2 26	1 21	2 05	7 37
Louisville ... "	9 35			2 20	7 50
Maximo ..... "	9 45			2 32	8 01
Alliance ar	10 00	3 05	1 55	2 45	8 15
Alliance lv.	10 00	3 05	2 00	3 15	8 15
Salem ..... "	10 30	3 30	2 31	3 40	8 45
Leetonia ... "	10 45		2 47	3 50	8 56
Columbiana .. "	10 54		2 55		9 04
Beaver Falls "	11 58	4 45	4 00	4 45	10 42
Pittsb'gh ar	1 15	5 50	5 10	5 45	12 15
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M

AM	PM
10	10
9 35	10 35
9 41	10 41
11 30	

*Daily †Except Sunday. ‖Meals if Flag Stop.

At Orrville connection is made with C. L. & W. Ry. train for Cleveland by Nos. 6, 8, 32 and for Columbus by Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15, 20, 32. Nos. 3 and 9 connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Lima and Toledo. Nos. 4 and 8 connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

JOSEPH WOOD, General Manager,
E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

4-95-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, carriage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
Taking Effect November 24, 1895

NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 14.	* No. 4.	† No. 8.	* No. 10.
Massillon..	A. M.	A.M	7 30 A M	11 30 P.M.
Canton....	5 38	8 15	PM 12 32	4 14
Akron	6 22	9 05	1 33	5 04
Cleveland.	*8 10	10 10	2 55	6 30

SOUTH BOUND

	* No. 1	† No. 3	* No. 5.	* No 15
Cleveland	A.M 7 10	A.M 11 00	P.M 3 15	P.M. 6 30
Akron.....	8 27	P M 12 03	4 25	7 31
Canton.....	9 41	1 08	5 35	8 40
Massillon..	11 10	2 10	6 10	9 10

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Ticket office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store No. 21 East Main street.

CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R

Cars depart on standard time.
Regular trains between Massillon and Canton leave from city park hourly, from 5:30 o'clock a. m. to 10:30 o'clock p. m. Trains returning leave Canton on the half hours from 5:30 o'clock a. m. until 10:30 o'clock p. m.

F. H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt.
Massillon, O

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists

THE OLD AXIOM That we still lead the procession

Attention now my friends. We are the oldest and best established carriage factory in this section

SEE SEE SEE

How nice and smoothly it runs along. My hand-made buggies will stand fast driving. Drivers for business. Drivers for speed and drivers for recreation and pleasure. All accord in the unanimity of my superb and the excellency of my line of vehicles. We are up to date with the approved modern ideas of carriage building.

Our Repair Department Is complete. It is done promptly on demand. When in want of anything in my line, if you cannot call to see me, ring for Telephone 199.

PERRY H. YOUNG.

SPEAKER REED DETERMINED.

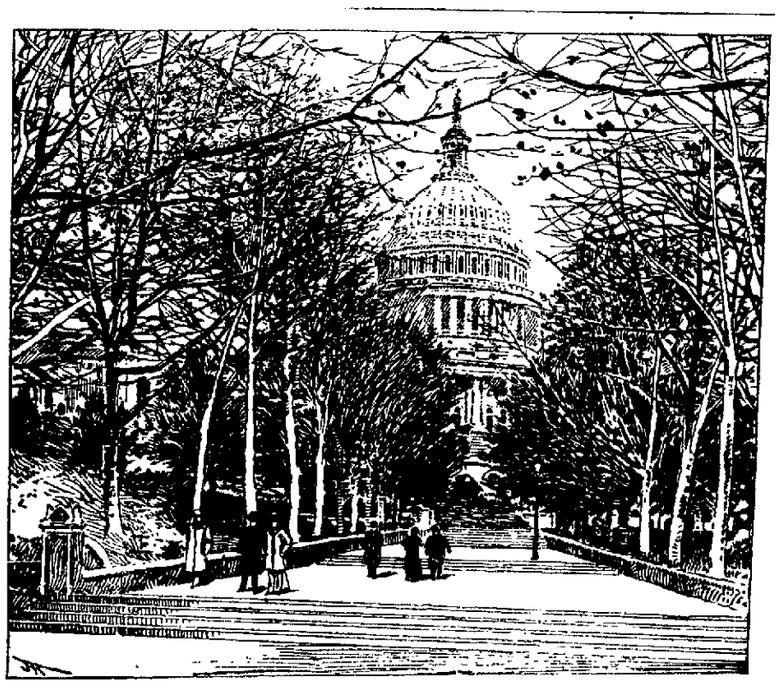
He Wants Congress to Adjourn Quickly.

AND THE END IS IN SIGHT.

The Regular Appropriation Bills Are Smaller Than Usual—But There Will Be Liberal Provision For the Navy—Things Congress Has Done.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Congress has done the bigger part of its work, and the end is dimly in sight. When Tom Reed declared that we should part in early May, there was a derisive smile, but skepticism is giving way, and even Joe Cannon, who nearly always expects a long session, now thinks he will get home in time to "plant for late potatoes in the dark of the moon, when the dogwood is in bloom," which is the old Dutch rule. Mr. Cannon further says, as he did two years ago, that the American people must make up their minds to $1,000,000,000 congresses as the regular thing, and verily it looks like it, and more also. The estimates for the coming fiscal year were $507,000,000, including the sinking fund, and the appropriations will certainly reach $514,000,000 and may run over it, as the big fight on naval affairs is still to come.



THE ROUTE TO THE CAPITOL TAKEN BY MOST OF THE CONGRESSMEN.

Of the 13 regular appropriation bills all are practically made up except the general deficiency, which, as a sort of dragnet, must come in late and last. Eight went through the house easily and five through the senate. Then the agriculture bill stuck in conference, as the house wouldn't accept the raise therein made by the senate. Except in naval, there has been no great struggle in committee over the bills, and the old trick of counting the national expenses high or low by adding in or leaving out the amount the postal service costs over what it earns is done away with. Congress always counted the postal appropriation as a part of the nation's expenses, but the secretary of the treasury did not, and hence there was a discrepancy which puzzled new members of congress and led to flat contradictions among public speakers. The Fifty-first congress, therefore, inserted a clause in the postal appropriation bill directing the secretary to count it regardless of postal receipts, and their order was made permanent law by one of the Dockery commission bills in the Fifty-third congress.

There was a prolonged and very spirited struggle in the house committee on naval affairs, which may be renewed in congress. Amos Cummings, who was chairman of the committee in the Fifty-third congress and doubtless knows more about the navy than any other Democrat in this house, or at least they all say so and follow his lead, struggled earnestly for six battleships and was supported by all the Democrats and one Republican. This one being Mr. Hanley, the boy of the Indiana delegation, illustrates the fact that the young fellows from the west are as a rule as enthusiastic for the navy as any of the sea coast members. Even as it was, the matter was only decided against the six ships by the explicit statement of Chief Hichborn of the bureau of construction that the armor plate plants now at work could not turn out enough armor to keep pace with the building of more than four ships.

Mr. Cummings is most intensely in earnest on this subject and contends that the production of armor plates could easily be increased to the required amount, and Secretary Herbert in a general way agrees with him. Mr. Cummings gave me a great mass of facts and figures on the subject, especially proving in his opinion that the delay in finishing the Oregon, which was charged to inability of the armor plate works to keep up, was really caused by the lack of a penalty clause in the contract. I suppose, however, that the figures would only have interest for [illegible] experts.

The bill comes in [illegible] provisions for 4 battleships and 15 [illegible] do boats. The battleships will be of 11,000 tons each, the cost not to exceed $3,750,000 each, exclusive of armament, which is more than was expected, because it has been shown and widely published that the cost of such construction has been greatly decreased in the last six years. Five of the torpedo boats are to have a speed of 26 knots and cost within $850,000 each, while the other 10 are to have a speed of 20 knots and a cost limit of $800,000 each. It appears, therefore, that we shall have a pretty large naval bill, and now the struggle is lively for determining the places where they are to be built. California and Louisiana both contending for considerable shares of the work. The old rule is retained that the new craft be built by contract and the navy department have discretion to expend as much of the appropriation as it can economically do in the fiscal year. It will be observed that this is, taken throughout, the largest provision yet made for a new navy, the next largest being that of the Fifty-first congress, when the bill carried three battleships.

Coast Defenses.

The intense interest in this committee's work and the dilemma between the desire for a big navy and anxiety for economy are illustrated by the fact that Speaker Reed has given his views to the Republican majority quite as freely as if he were the president sending in a message, and when some of the members urged on him that work on new vessels should at least be begun, as it took a long time to build them, he brusquely replied that a man shouldn't go into new schemes when he is unable to pay his board bills Saturday nights. Coast defenses, though a kindred subject, are in the jurisdiction of the army, and there will probably be no great objection to the provision of Senator Squire's bill giving $10,000,000 per year for seven years, commencing July 1, 1897, and in the meantime expending the amount already appropriated. At least such is the opinion of Senators Squire and Hawley and the leading members of the house committee. On looking over the estimates of these two committees and the printed testimony and noting the enormous cost of new guns and the fact that it sometimes costs $800 to fire a single shot, even by way of experiment, I am led to think there is a good deal in the argument that wars are to cease because they will soon be too expensive for even the richest nation. Congressman Hitt of the house committee on foreign affairs takes this view.

By way of digression it may be added that the Venezuela matter is as good as settled, if our experts are not very badly mistaken. Hon. William L. Scruggs, formerly our minister to Venezuela and now counsel here for that republic, has developed evidence which seems to settle the matter conclusively in favor of the Venezuelan contention that the Essequibo river was the undisputed boundary down to 1822. While this is very gratifying, Senator Morgan grows more confident every day that we shall have trouble with Spain over our Cuban resolutions, and the way in which New England members are coming up to oppose action indicates that they agree with him.

On the Calendar.

It was intended that the river and harbor bill should be cut very close and that the committee on public buildings and grounds should appropriate little or nothing, but the first bill will probably provide for about $12,000,000, as it is almost an impossibility to prevent it growing in the house, and the other committee says that several millions are an absolute necessity for buildings which can be no longer dispensed with. Democratic members, with a dry sarcastic smile, say that these bills will probably not get through the house, but their presence on the calendar is a hint of the glorious riot which will come in the Fifty-fifth congress if the Republicans do as well as they expect next November.

What this congress has not done and is not going to do is of interest almost equal to what it has done. To begin with, the old Nicaragua canal bill has got a very bad setback and apparently has not half as many friends in this as in the last congress, while its enemies are numerous and active. Some congressmen say it will cost twice as much as the engineers estimate, that the net receipts will not pay the interest, and so the United States will have it to do; that the present route is probably impracticable, and besides we don't want a canal very bad anyhow. Some of its advocates are pretty ill natured and say that the long stay here of Mr. C. P. Huntington and the big Pacific railway lobby accounts for the opposition. Be that as it may, the railroad men have certainly scored a success in the way of gaining support for their plan of reorganizing the Pacific lines and providing for the payment of the debt. Several of the old heads tell me that if it were pushed a measure accepting that plan might be put through. The feeling which was so strong in the Fifty-third congress in favor of taking the road in and running it as a government attachment has no existence in this congress. Government has too many jobs on its hands now, they all say, and besides this whole railroad business is in a sort of chaos and will stand letting alone.

Skullduggery Growing Unpopular.

Another thing this congress has not done, as it promised, is the speedy settlement of the contested election cases. Despite the fact that the work was divided among three committees, instead of being given to one, as heretofore, the work has not been greatly accelerated. And, contrary to the usual rule, the contestees are quite as anxious for a speedy settlement as the contestants. Representative Abbott of Texas is particularly eager to have his case settled and expresses the views of other contestees in saying that they want to go home early and be freed from responsibility and let the other fellows take it. It is an odd commentary on the very odd political situation that none of the present Democrats from Texas is asking for a renomination and most of them are positively declining it. It is, moreover, conceded by the minority that the house has so far proceeded with great fairness in the matter for contests. In that of Aldrich against Robbins of the Fourth Alabama, for instance, the Democrats made the usual party fight for Mr. Robbins, but it was done in a perfunctory sort of way, and privately they admit that justice is done or else decline to give an opinion. Republicans, on the other hand, as freely admit that the fair count has made great progress in the south, and the skullduggery is at present confined chiefly to the very black counties, where the negroes who don't vote are counted as the managers think they ought to have voted. I should not feel free to say so much in a nonpolitical article were it not that the Democrats of Alabama themselves make a joke of the whole matter and declare that, while it was once a necessity, the time has come to stop it.

J. H. BEADLE.

A VETERAN JOURNALIST.

An Old Washington Correspondent Again In the Harness.

[Special Correspondence.]

CINCINNATI, March 31.—General H. V. Boynton, whose name has been familiar to newspaper readers for 30 years, retired from the chairmanship of the press committee of the correspondents at Washington three years ago to devote his attention exclusively to the business of the Chickamauga park commission, of which he is a member. A year and a half prior to that time, in October, 1891, General Boynton had left the service of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, the paper which he had represented at Washington for 26 years, and had become the correspondent of the Cincinnati Tribune. But General Boynton did not feel at ease in the new harness, and he was not sorry to retire from journalism altogether.

On March 1 last General Boynton became again the correspondent of The Commercial Gazette. The changes in his relations with that paper were due to changes in its proprietors. In the days of Murat Halstead and Deacon Richard Smith, General Boynton's familiar initials gave authority to The Commercial Gazette's Washington correspondence, and often these were signed to severe criticisms of Mr. Blaine. In 1891 the paper passed into the hands of men who were friendly to Mr. Blaine, and General Boynton's position became uncomfortable. His discomfort was emphasized by the attempt of the new proprietors to make the paper compete with The Enquirer in sensationalism. So it was with mingled pleasure and regret that he gave up his connection with The Commercial Gazette. The new owners

GENERAL H. V. BOYNTON.

did not prosper, and two or three years ago Perry S. Heath organized a syndicate which bought the property. The Washington bureau was left in charge of Fred D. Mussey and Albert Halstead, and when Mr. Mussey was incapacitated by ill health Mr. Halstead became sole correspondent. He retired when General Boynton returned to service. He now represents some other important journals at the capital.

General Boynton entered the service of the Cincinnati Gazette in 1864. His father had been an editorial contributor to the paper, and through his influence the son obtained a position. Before entering on newspaper work Mr. Boynton had spent three years in the army, being mustered in as a major and discharged because of wounds received in service. He was brevetted a brigadier general in 1865. Three years ago he received from the war department a medal, awarded for distinguished services at Chickamauga and Chattanooga. General Boynton has been a valuable contributor to war history. He is a lively controversialist, and he has even found it necessary to throw out of his office men who disputed his views of their services in the war. But when not compelled to back his statements with force General Boynton is one of the mildest, kindliest and most agreeable of men. As a correspondent he has occupied a dignified and important position, which any newspaper man might envy. Whatever the excellence of The Commercial Gazette's Washington service in the last five years, it is to be congratulated on the reacquisition of General Boynton.

GEORGE GRANTHAM BAIN.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

A Few Bills Introduced In the House. The Senate.

COLUMBUS, April 4.—A bill has been introduced in the house providing that inflamary directors shall turn over to the Home for Deaf Mutes all paupers thus afflicted and the per capita for their maintenance.

Other bills introduced in the house were:

Fixing the per diem of road viewers at $2.

Including the necessities of life among the grounds for attachment.

Establishing an anatomy board to take charge of all unclaimed bodies.

Providing a method for magistrates to follow in the prosecution of corporations.

Authorizing tax commissioners in cities of the third grade of the second-class to appoint the annual city board of equalization.

Requiring corporations for profit to file annual report with the secretary of state.

Providing that bail shall not be accepted more than once on the same day for the same offense.

Making incompetent at the trial of a case any statement, written or verbal, of a person charged with homicide or procuring abortion.

A bill passed in the senate providing for the settlement of disputes by the state board of arbitration, where employers and employes comprise persons residing in different counties.

Pardoned by the Governor.

COLUMBUS, April 4.—The governor has pardoned the following convicts: Philip Hans, received in September, 1891, from Scioto county, for 12 years for manslaughter; Homer M. Zigler, received from Defiance county, in February, 1890, for 10 years for alleged incest; Lottie Hyman, received from Ashland county, in September, 1895, for one year for bigamy; Earl Smith, received from Madison county, in February, 1895, for one year for conveying tools into the jail to aid prisoners to escape.

Bar Men Want a Combine.

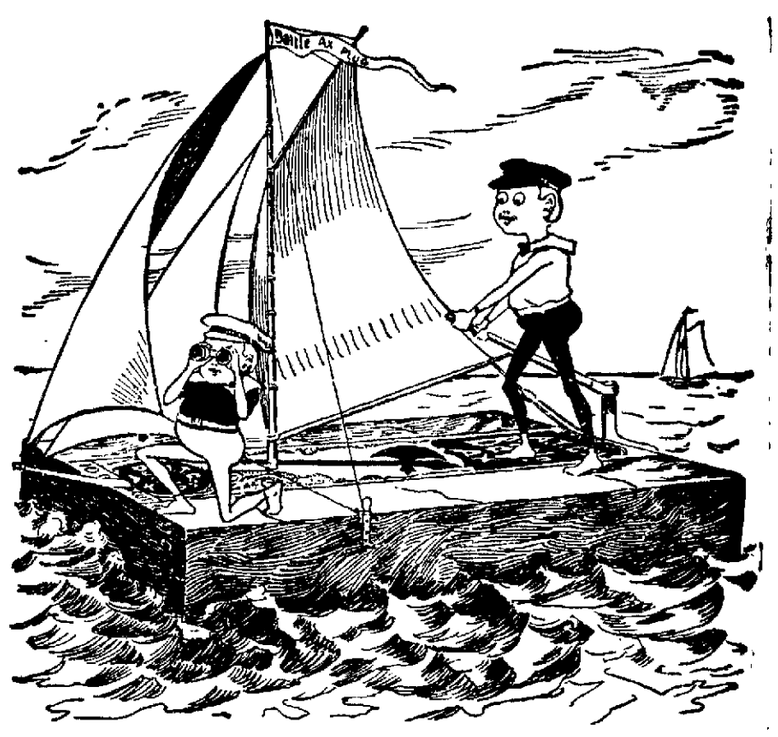
CINCINNATI, April 4.—The Central Bar Iron association has held a session here behind closed doors and banqueted at the Phoenix club. They will divulge nothing, except that the main purpose of the meeting was to secure a consolidation of this association with the Southern and Eastern Bar Iron association, to secure more nearly remunerative and uniform prices.

Zimmer Compromises With Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 4.—"Chief" Zimmer, the big catcher of the Cleveland baseball club, who quit the club at Hot Springs several days ago and went on a strike for an increase of salary, has affixed his signature to a contract. The question of salary, it is stated, was compromised.

Ohio W. C. T. U. Bars Cider.

LANCASTER, O., April 4.—The twenty-third midyear executive meeting of the state executive board of the W. C. T. U. now in session in this city has decided, by a unanimous vote, that cider, sweet or sour, must not be used by W. C. T. U. members or their families.



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Battle Ax PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

JAMES R. DUNN,
Real Estate Dealer,
and Agent for Estate of Kent Jarvis. Choice Building Lots for sale.
CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.
In various parts of the city.
Office Stone Block, 2d floor, cor. Erie and Tremont Streets.

Something to Remember.

The Largest and Best Selected Stock.
Prices as Low as the Lowest
Stock Always as Represented.
Work Guaranteed to be Perfectly Satisfactory.

AT

Bahney's Wall Paper Store

Wall Paper
Window Shades
Room Mouldings,
Curtain Poles,
Sash Rods,
A New Wall Paper Cleaner
Works Perfectly.

Bahney's Wall Paper Store

20½ East Main Street, Massillon, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Dr. T. F. Reed is quite ill at his home in East Main street.

Miss Maggie Grant, of Navarre, is the guest of Mrs. Geo. Higginbotham, West Main street.

Representative Austin's bill providing foa a reorganization of the Stark county board of elections has passed the House.

A camp-fire social, to which all old soldiers are cordially invited, will be held in the G. A. R. hall on the evening of April 10.

Superintendent A. W. Inman, of the Massillon Water Supply Company, reports the rainfall for March as 2.44 inches. That of the same month in 1895 was 1.86 inches.

Henry Feicht, of Leetsdale, Pa., is in town, meeting old friends and gathering strength and energy for his next legal bout with President Duss, of the Harmony Society, of Economy, Pa.

William P. Stokey, of Canton, has received the appointment to the West Point cadetship which William S. Edwards, of Massillon, was obliged to give up because of a deficiency in eyesight

Congressman R. W. Tayler has appointed L. L. Nave to serve as one of the examiners of candidates to the United States naval academy. The examination is to be held at Alliance, Saturday, April 25th.

The Democratic ticket nominated at Louisville will not be printed on the official ballot, because the officers charged with the duty of filing the list of nominations did not do so within the proper time.

The entertainment which the Ladies' City Aid Society will give next Wednesday and Thursday evenings will conclude their efforts this season to raise funds for the poor, and should merit the patronage of everyone.

There is still opportunity for those who wish to secure the state agricultural experiment bureau reports to file their names at THE INDEPENDENT office. Those who do so may obtain the reports by mail, regularly, and without cost.

The Senate Thursday passed Representative Wilhelm's bill making it a misdemeanor to engage in the playing of public games on Memorial day within a radius of one mile from the speaker's stand while the rendition of the programme is in progress. Violation of the act is punishable by a fine of $25.

C. J. Duncan has returned from Philadelphia, Pa., where he took a five months' course in the Philadelphia College of Horology, which included expert watch making and engraving, bringing back with him a diploma and quite a number of samples of his engraving. which are pronounced by experts to be works of art in that line.

Henry Poorman, who lives west of town, brought into THE INDEPENDENT office something of a curiosity today, in the form of a grasshopper, that he picked up in one of his fields on the last day of March. Grasshoppers do not ordinarily make their appearance until the latter part of May, so the indications seem to be in favor of an early summer.

The annual congregational meeting of the Presbyterian church was held last night. Reports were presented and the following officers elected for the coming year: Trustees, E. A Jones, C. W. Moody, E. P. Edgar, D. T. Frank, C F. Snyder, Jacob Wagoner and M. C. Roller; clerk, C. B Heckman; ushers, E. P. Edgar, J. A. Beattie, Frank Hanna and Silas Archer.

About forty young people gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Merrell to remind their son Ernest of his 21st birthday. After congratulating the surprised, games, music and singing were indulged in until a late hour when a fine luncheon was served. All returned home by special car, hoping to meet again in the near future for another night of merriment.

The act providing for the payment of an annual salary to the commissioners of Stark county has become a law, and by its provisions goes into effect immediately. Each commissioner will receive $1,500 a year. must devote his entire time to the duties of the office, and pay his own expenses. When his work necessitates his going outside of the county, however, his expenses will be paid.

Three young men, all under the influence of liquor, were all more or less injured by being thrown from a wagon in which they were riding, in South Erie street, below the cemetery, Friday afternoon. They were following the street car line to avoid the mud, and while endeavoring to leave the track the wheels caught in the rails tipping the wagon to one side throwing the occupants to the ground. One man sustained a large and painful contusion on his cheek by falling on the iron rail

Mrs. Edward Snyder, of 203 East South street, was at home Friday afternoon, when a large party of friends dropped in on her very unexpectedly and announced their intention of spending the afternoon and evening. The daylight hours were whiled away in delightful social chat, the husbands of the respective ladies present put in an appearance in time for tea Cards and other forms of amusement followed and received the attention of the guests for the remainder of the evening.

Mt. Union College may lose its professor of military tactics, furnished by the government. The officer on duty there says the president of the institution, T. P. Marsh, does not seem to enforce attention of the cadets at drill, and the support of the faculty to the military instructor is "moral" only. The army officer on duty there recently offered medals for proficiency in military work, and he was grieved to learn that six of the medals awarded by him were sold the next day by students to the local jeweler who made them.

The officers elected by the Canton District Epworth League convention at Salem for the ensuing year were Mr. G. E Sebring, of East Palestine, president; Miss Jessie Davidson, of Canton, first vice president; Miss Mamie Stewart, of Leetonia, second vice president; Mr. William Johns, of Massillon, third vice president; Miss Mary White, of Salem, fourth vice president; Mr. C. Chain, of New Waterford, recording secretary; Miss Bertha Johnson, of Lisbon, corresponding secretary; Miss Alice Fording, of Alliance, treasurer.

$14,000 ADDITIONAL.

Representative Austin Gets Another Appropriation.

LAND FOR THE STATE HOSPITAL

The Massillon Member Also Introduces a Bill Providing for a Board of Education to be Elected At Large, Instead of By Wards.

Representative Austin has come up from Columbus, to spend Sunday and cast his vote. He is well satisfied with the appropriation bills, and well may be. They are fairly certain to pass, he says, as all interests have been considered, and the totals brought within the limits of the assumed revenue. In addition to the good work done for the Massillon state hospital, Mr. Austin has had inserted an amendment setting apart $14,000 for the purchase of additional land for the site. The trustees recommended this purchase as much as two years ago, and it will give the state a superb property. It will be recalled that in order to procure the site required, the city had not only to utilize all its means, several years ago, but a number of public spirited citizens had to go into their pockets, to secure two farms, of which the state site includes only a part. This left the syndicate with a lot of idle land contiguous to the state property, and of more use to the state than to anybody else. It has been a burden which they have uncomplainingly born and their relief will be a good thing all around.

Mr. Austin introduced a local bill, Friday, that will pass, and is backed by a very fine petition. It does away with the present method of electing eight members of a board of education by wards, and restores the old plan of electing a board of six members at large. The city turned to the ward membership plan because the law required it on the attainment of certain population, and against the will of the people. A large board was not regarded as desirable, and the accidents of residence made it impossible to make nominations as were desired in occasional cases. Mr. Austin's bill does not disturb the existing board, whose members will serve out their terms. It provides that two members at large shall be elected next year, to serve for three years, and four members the year following, thus allowing two years for members now serving, and to be elected on Monday, to hold office without interference. Thus while no interests are disturbed, an orderly reorganization is effected.

Mr. Austin says that the fixing of the salary of the county commissioners at $1,500 was a compromise and the best one possible under the circumstances.

MILLIONS ARE IN IT.

NEW YORK, April 4 —[By Associated Press]—The engagement of Gertrude Vanderbilt and Harry Payne Whitney is now admitted by all their friends and denied by none of the family. Miss Vanderbilt is the prospective heiress to one hundred millions, while Whitney will inherit half of the great fortune of his father, ex-Secretary Whitney.

MISS SELBY GETS $10,000.

JEFFERSON, O., April, 4 —[By Associated Press]—Miss Hannah Selby was given a verdict of $10,000 against the Rev. E. Hill, for breach of promise of marriage, today. Hill was formerly pastor of the Baptist church at Ashtabula. Miss Selby's home is in England.

FIENDISH TORTURES IN HAVANA.

A Cleveland Man Says the Worst Has Never Been Told.

CLEVELAND, April 4.—The stories that have been told concerning the tortures inflicted by the Spaniards in Cuba are more than confirmed by Mr. F. H. Taylor, who has just arrived in this city after a residence of three years in Havana. In answer to inquiries regarding the truth of the circulated reports, he said:

"The worst has not been told. I have known of prisoners being strung up by the thumbs at Moro Castle and left for days at a time to the mercy of the vicious flies, which were attracted in swarms by molasses, smeared upon the victims face and chest for the purpose. Many other forms of torture are practiced upon the unfortunate rebels when taken.

"These outrages against humanity do occur, as any citizen of Havana can testify. In fact, if they would allow some of the persecuted wretches in the Cuban dungeons to testify, stories of fiendish torture could be unearthed which would shock the Christian world."

ONE OF THE M'COYS MURDERED.

His Riderless Horse Found, the Saddle and Side Splashed With Blood.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., April 4.—Robert K. McCoy, a relative of the McCoys, who some years ago were prominent throughout the country through the McCoy-Hatfield feud, moved to this county about two months ago from up the Big Sandy valley. He was here the other night and left at a late hour on horseback for his home. The next day his horse was found about 15 miles south of this city grazing alongside the road, and the saddle blanket and the sides of the horse were wet with blood. 'Squire Swayne and others living in the vicinity of where the horse was found claim they heard shots after midnight, and the supposition is that McCoy was assassinated and his body thrown into the creek, as tracks of blood were found leading to the creek. Bloodhounds have been secured to follow up the trail of the supposed assassins.

Frank P. and Mary V. Anglier of Baltimore were released on $20,000 bail, the jury having failed to agree as to their killing Salesman Charles Parker of Massachusetts

Push and Enterprise

A Visit to Some of the Leading Business Establishments of Massillon,

THE PAST WEEK,

By a Gentleman Familiar With Mercantile Callings of Various Kinds, Has Led Him to Comment on Them as Follows:

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK.

The Union National Bank, of Massillon is one of the strongest and soundest financial institutions in this section of the state, and it may be added that it is also one of the most ably and efficiently managed. It was organized in 1865, and during the thirty-one years since intervening has enjoyed an uninterrupted career of prosperity.

The Union National has a capital stock of $150,000, and its surplus fund and profits amount to $190,000. The available resources of the bank are more than abundant to meet any possible contingency. Its investments are judiciously placed, and the connections of the institution are of a most desirable character. A very large business is done in loans and discounts, and the deposits amount to a substantial sum, and altogether the affairs of this bank are in a healthy and most flourishing condition. A more representative body of citizens than that at the head of the Union National, could not easily be found in any community, and their names and standing place the bank and its management beyond the requirements of any need of praise.

It is officered as follows: Joseph Coleman, President; James H. Hunt, Cashier; Edward Kachler, Vice President.

HUMBERGERS' DOUBLE STORES, DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

In no class of trade and with no house in the line of an extensive dry goods business is the promise of increased activity more strikingly illustrated than at the store of A. J. Humberger & Son. In speaking of this house, the partners of which are W. B Humberger and F. O Humberger, we desire to impress upon the minds of our readers: First, Messrs. Humberger do at all times and under all conditions of business, keep constantly presented to the public a succession of new ideas in the way of novelties and styles; second, they make it their constant aim and study to procure the most desirable goods for each department, and being closely identified with many of the leading importers and manufacturers, are enabled to offer a most superior line of goods at prices beyond the reach of local competition, and they are daily receiving abundant evidence of the just appreciation of their efforts to please their many patrons throughout Massillon and vicinity. The stock displayed plainly testifies to the extent of their business connections. In fact, this store is filled to overflowing with the very choicest designs of silks, dress goods, underwear, hosiery, corsets, embroideries, kid gloves, lace curtains, carpets and rugs. Their domestic and house furnishing departments are complete. They have just added wall paper and window shade departments A most gratifying feature of this house is its system of guaranteeing all goods to be exactly as represented, and no deception tolerated by any in their employ. It is not saying too much to claim that this firm possesses an adaptability and capacity for developing and carrying on a gigantic enterprise, unequaled by few dry goods houses in this vicinity of the state. It will pay any visitor to call at this store before leaving town.

MCLAIN & TAGGART, PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

Few if any of our own business men is more fortunate in securing a hold on public favor and confidence than Messrs. McLain & Taggart, who are practical plumbers, gas fitters, steam and water heating engineers, and all work done by them is guaranteed to be strictly first class. They also deal in supplies of all kinds, and have an extensive trade. The enterprise was established in 1894 and from the start has enjoyed a large and growing patronage. A full and complete stock of gas fixtures, steam hot water and plumbing appliances are always carried in stock. They are prepared to furnish estimates on all classes of work in the lines above indicated, paying special attention to water service, house drainages, sewerage, heating and lighting, and all contracts undertaken by them are certain to be performed in the most competent and saisfactory manner. Jobbing is generally executed with skill and dispatch, all orders receiving prompt attention. Messrs. McLain & Taggart have done the plumbing and other work on some of the handsomest and largest structures in this city. which stands as evidence of their skill. They are among our leading and most reputable business men and their enterprise is an importans factor in the business life of the city.

MARTIN & VOGT, FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

There are few lines of business that enterprise and energetic methods combined with liberality will not produce the best results, and this is particularly true of the grocery trade, in which there is so much competition that only the man of enterprise can gain and hold a large patronage by keeping only the finest goods, and selling them at prices which defy legitimate competition. The house of Martin & Vogt, 5 East Main street, Tel. 76, has become entitled to the distinction of being ranked as one of the leaders in the grocery line in Massillon having been in business since 1891. They carry a full and carefully selected stock of choice staple and fancy groceries, fine teas, coffees, relishes, sauces, table luxuries, canned goods of all kinds, butter, cheese, fresh eggs, flour, etc.; also foreign and domestic fruits, vegetables and fruit in season. This establishment has the reputation of being the place to get just what you want and at the right price, and all goods can be relied upon as being the best and freshest in the market Messrs. Martin & Vogt's thorough knowledge of the trade, prompt attention to all orders, and the most courteous treatment of customers has gained for their house a most enviable reputation throughout this vicinity. Every detail of the business is under their personal supervision, and they are well and most favorably known in the social and commercial circles of the county. They are also sole agents for the well-known Elmore Bicycle. Call and inspect the wheel and get their prices before purchasing elsewhere.

GRABER BROS.' MEAT MARKET.

One of the most representative and popular establishments engaged in this vicinity, is the one conducted by Graber Bros.' of 6 South Erie street and 124 West Tremont street, which was inaugurated here in 1870, and since which period they have built up a large and widespread trade, which extends throughout Massillon and outskirts. The premises occupied in the prosecution of the business are large and commodious and contain all modern improvements for the preservation of perishable goods, including first class coolers, refrigerators, etc. Messrs. Graber Bros ' always carry the choicest quality of fresh and salt beef, pork, veal, mutton, ham, sausage, bologna and poultry in season, and are extensive dealers in lard, shoulders, bacon and smoked meats of all kinds, which are manufactured and cured on the premises. They keep a delivery and courteous assistants busy supplying the wants of their many patrons. This house offers the very best inducements, both as regards quality and price, and an extensive patronage is enjoyed. During Messrs. Graber Bros.' long residence and business career here they have made many warm friends through their square methods of dealing, and are regarded as among our enterprising and progressing business men and citizens.

MASSILLON STEAM LAUNDRY, J. J. ROSE, PROP.

One of the most important adjuncts to the well being of a town or city of any consequence, is a first class laundry, and Massillon can boast of such a one in every sense of the word. Located here in our midst is the Massillon Steam Laundry. This laundry holds a most excellent reputation for doing first-class work, every department being fully equipped for giving perfect satisfaction, a strict rule being carried out to let no article go from the premises but what will bear out each and every representation. Lace curtains, embroidered garments, ladies' shirt-waists, and piece work generally, is done with promptness and dispatch, making a specialty of shirts, collars and cuffs. Goods are called for and delivered free of charge. While orders from out of town are given prompt attention, special contracts are made for family laundrying, and altogether this is a model establishment. Mr. Rose established business here in 1880. He is an energetic and progressive business man, who has determined to continue and increase his large trade by the acknowledged superiority of his work, and the business is progressing in a most gratifying manner under his personal attention, and has become a most important factor in the commercial life of the town.

D. A. MERRELL.

A leading house in its line, and one which has built up a large trade in this vicinity is that of D. A. Merrell. His greenhouses are completely filled with every variety of flowers, plants, bulbs, palms, ferns, exotics, etc., presenting at all times a magnificent display, while a variety of beautiful specimens that are not found in any similar establishment in this vicinity are here exhibited. In addition to his large local trade Mr. Merrell ships his stock to any vicinity on order, guaranteeing to patrons satisfaction in this feature of the business as in the other branches. He makes a specialty of all kinds of floral designs, and boquets, baskets, etc., are furnished for the table and parlor; also funeral emblems of every description, and particular attention is given to arranging flowers and plants for weddings, receptions, and making a specialty of decorating halls, churches, etc., all orders receiving prompt attention. Mr. Merrell always keeps in stock a fresh and beautiful assortment of cut flowers of all kinds: is an an expert floriculturist, and is much respected and esteemed for his thorough qualifications and honorable dealings.

MASSILLON BREWERY, ANTON KOPP, PROPRIETOR.

The manufacture of malt liquors has largely increased in all parts of the United States during recent years, and in quality has excelled the productions of European brewers There is no brewery in this section of the state which holds a more prominent and important position in connection with the brewing industry than does the establishment conducted by Mr. A. Kopp.

This brewery contains the most superior facilities for the production of an excellent quality of beer which is in general use in this section of the state. He has all the modern and most highly improved machinery and appliances adapted to the busines', such as boilers and engines of large capacity, ice machines, refrigerators, boiler coolers, ventilators, etc. The brew kettle holds many barrels, and the storage capacity is immense. The annual output ranges from 10,000 to 12,000 barrels. He does an especially fine family, hotel and restaurant business in bottled goods. The brewing is under the supervision of Mr. Jacob Guenther, who is a graduate of the American Brewers' Academy of New York city.

Mr. Kopp is a highly respected citizen, a substantial and sagacious business man, who has been carefully trained in all the practical details of the business, and it is through his ability and thoroughness that the products of this establishment maintain the standard quality which has made them famous.

The brewery is located at Crystal Spring; office and bottling works at 26 Exchange street, in charge of F. W. Kohl and Otto Kopp.

A. J. RICHEIMER.

The well known and popular bakery establishment of A. J. Richeimer, 38 West Main street, was inaugurated here in 1883, since which time he has, through great energy and perseverance, built up a large and lucrative trade. The premises occupied are large, commodious and conveniently arranged, and well equipped with all the requisite appliances for the manufacture of fine family bread, rolls, buns, plain and fancy cakes, pastry, etc., which are furnished to the trade and consumers fresh every day, while parties, banquets, balls, etc., are catered to and at reasonable rates The materials used at this establishment are first class in every respect. He makes a specialty of his rye, graham, Vienna and home-made breads, which cannot be excelled by any house in the country. He is thoroughly practical and experienced in this special line of industry and personally supervises every detail of the business, thus assuring to patrons perfect satisfaction in every instance. Mr. Richeimer is among our most enterprising and reliable citizens, and enjoys the reputation of being a careful business man, who has, through careful and pains taking efforts, built up one of the finest business enterprises in Massillon.

P. H. YOUNG, DEALER IN AND MANUFACTURER OF CARRIAGES, ETC.

Among the leading and most reputable carriage manufacturers of this vicinity of the state, prominent mention must be accorded Mr. Perry H. Young, who has met with the best of success from the fact that he uses none but the best of material, and his work has the name of being reliable, durable and substantial. He occupies convenient premises, corner of Charles and Factory streets, which he has equipped with every convenience and facility adapted to the trade. The output is large, and includes fine carriages, buggies, light wagons, etc , of which a large stock is always to be seen in his store rooms, the work being of a very high order, and it is on this line that Mr. Young won his reputation. Employment is furnished to a force of skilled workmen under his personal superintendence, thus maintaining for the products that high reputation that has made this enterprise a success. Considerable repair work is taken in, and in this branch also the greatest care is taken. In short, it has been the aim of this house, from the start, to furnish first-class work at fair and reasonable prices, and in this it is succeeding in a marked degree.

WM. YOST, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN HARNESS AND HORSE FURNISHINGS.

One of the most popular establishments in its line in this vicinity is the one conducted by Wm. Yost. He is an enterprising and progressive merchant, and by close attention to business, and honorable methods has secured the favor and confidence of the community, and added to his trade, which has continued to grow from year to year, until now it is one of the most extensive enterprises in this vicinity. He occupies the premises eligibly located, where he carries a large stock, and complete assortment of fine and medium harness, robes, horse blankets, whips, brushes, curry-combs and horse-furnishing goods of every description; also buggies, carriages, wagons, etc., and is sole agent for the Ajax and Relay Fitzer Bicycle. Harness is made to order in the finest style, and at short notice while repairing also is promptly and neatly done. Making a specialty of extra parts for harness, such as lines, tugs, collars, breeching, etc. Every article sold here is warranted as represented, and all work executed is guaranted to be first class and the prices prevailing are of the most reasonable character. Mr. Yost is an enterprising and progressive citizen and fully merits the prosperity which has attended his business.

ED. C. SEGNER, FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, SEEDS, AND BUILDERS SUPPLIES.

Ed. C. Segner carries one of the largest and most complete stocks of flour, feed, corn meal, graham and buckwheat flour, salt, ground feed and seed of all kinds in this vicinity; also builders supplies of all kinds, including lime, hair, cement, sewer pipe, and adamant wall plaster, which is the best in the market. His facilities for handling these lines are unsurpassed, and he enjoys a large trade throughout this vicinity. He occupies commodious and conveniently arranged premises at 58 S. Erie street, fitted up with every facility and convenience for the successful prosecution of the business, and which he has stocked to repletion with every thing in his line. He furnishes employment to several assistants, and his connections with the leading sources of supply gives him advantages which places his house on a par with any contemporaneous concern in the city. Mr. Segner has fairly earned his success through the marked excellence of the goods handled, and the fair and liberal methods upon which all transactions are based. He is a thoroughly practical and experienced business man and has built up a most influential patronage, and is regarded as among our most enteprising and representative citizens

BROWN LUMBER CO., PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

The trade in rough, dressed and manufactured lumber of every description is conducted in Massillon by the Brown Lumber Co. They possess the very best facilities for the handling and shipment of stock. Their planing mill is well equipped with all the latest and most highly improved machinery and appliances adapted to the business. Skilled mechanics are kept busy in the manufacture of cigar and packing boxes, mouldings, window frames, brackets, and house trimmings of every description, interior finish and house trimmings being a prominent and growing feature of the business. They carry an extensive stock of lumber, and are always prepared to furnish anything from the rough lumber required for the frame to the finest inside finish. Shingles, lath flooring, siding, etc., are also carried in large quantities. Their complete and thoroughly outfitted establishment enables them to turn out work of the highest merit at a minimum of cost to a trade which extends throughout this section of the state. Enterprise and conservative dealings have marked this house's transactions and given ample promise of a long and prosperous career in the future.

DR. C. O CARR, DENTIST, COR. MAIN AND ERIE.

One of the most successful among the dental surgeons of this community is Dr. C. O. Carr. He possesses a thorough and comprehensive knowledge of all branches of the profession, and is provided with new and improved appliances. and has achieved a wide reputation for the care manifested in all operations. He has an excellent practice and is pronounced one of the best, most reliable and careful in the dental profession in this section of the state. His splendid gold and silver crown and bridge work, which is a specialty, and the superior excellence of his artificial work generally, have given him a wide celebrity. In the preservation of natural teeth and in filling and extracting teeth, Dr. Carr is particularly expert. He occupies spacious parlors and operating rooms fitted up with every facility and convenience requisite.

Dr. Carr is a close student, keeps pace with all improvements that have been made in the profession, and enjoys a most liberal and high class patronage, and is a much esteemed and highly proficient member of the dental profession.

N. H. WILLAMAN, UNDERTAKER.

If there is one business more than another that requires for its successful prosecution, a large amount of fine taste, delicacy of thought and expression towards its patrons, and a tender respect and sympathy for their feelings, it is that of the undertaker, and how few we find that are in this business who have these requisites. But in every city and town may be found houses engaged in this trade who have a natural adaptation, and a fine sense of the friendly feeling and sympathy that should be awarded to all on such occasions, and we refer with pleasure to Mr. N. H. Willaman, who, in the complete furnishing and conducting of funerals. for either the poor or wealthy, has no superior, displaying no unseemingly ostentation in showing his goods, or the conducting of his business. A quiet elegance pervades in his conveniently arranged establishment. This house has gone along in the even tenor of its way, and by honesty and truthfulness, in all transactions with patrons, has gained their entire good will and confidence. Special attention is given to embalming. Every detail is under the personal supervision of Mr. Willaman, and perfect satisfaction is the result.

H H. PILLE, SHOE STORE.

One of the most attractive and popular shoe establishments in Massillon is that conducted by Mr. H. H. Pille, who established business here in 1859, and owing to his effective management it has been a most gratifying success. He occupies spacious and eligibly located premises, which are fitted up in the most modern style and with special reference to the business. In the large and complete assortment carried may be found everything in the line of fine and medium grades in hand and machine made shoes, boots, slippers, rubbers, etc., for ladies', men's, boys' and children's wear; also all the new and fashionable novelties of the season. These goods have been selected from among the productions of the best makes known to the trade, and are unsurpassed in style, quality of material and workmanship, while the prices are always most reasonable, consequently the house stands high in the favor and confidence of the trade in this vicinity. Mr. Pille is a gentleman of marked business ability, push and enterprise, and being a man of discrimination he has applied sound business principles to his trade and conducted it with a view of developing the trade, and rendering his relations with customers satisfactor in every respect.

PETER GRIBBLE, LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE.

A representative and reliable livery and boarding stable in Massillon is the one conducted by Peter Gribble. He has a fine stable conveniently located, and in addition to a well conducted livery business makes a specialty of boarding horses and giving all animals committed to charge the same scrupulous care and attention that is bestowed upon his own horses. He keeps a number of horses for livery purposes, and a number of the best and most stylish equipages. His turnouts are known as the handsomest to be seen in this vicinity. A complete force of obliging and attentive assistants are employed so that anything in either a light or heavy hitch can be had at a moment's notice. Carriages with careful drivers are supplied promptly at all hours, day or night, and all orders are given prompt attention. Mr. Gribble, the proprietor of this well known livery, holds a high place in the confidence of the citizens and the trade generally and is an energetic and reliable business man and citizen.

J. L. SMITH, GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS, 387 S. ERIE STREET

One of the most gratifying evidences of the spread of correct artistic taste among all classes of society is the great attention that is now being paid to the production of beautiful designs in granite and marble in the way of monuments, headstones, sculpture, etc. Our production in these lines are not surpassed by those of any other country in the world, and every year the national excellence in this respect becomes more distinctly marked. A leading house in this vicinity in these lines is that of Mr. J. L. Smith, who established his enterprise here in 1877. A force of skilled workmen are employed in the manufacture of a beautiful assortment of monuments, headstones, memorials, etc., all designs embracing artistic taste and conception in the highest degree. It has been the aim of this house to furnish strictly first class work to the trade and public at reasonable prices, and he cordially invites intending purchasers to call and inspect his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Personally, it can be said of Mr. Smith, that his reputation for producing the finest and most artistic work is beyond cavil; at the same time his honorable methods of dealing assures confidence to all having business relations with him.

F. A PILLE, MERCHANT TAILOR.

A leading merchant tailoring establishment, which since inaugurating business here, has through superior workmanship, and upright and honorable transactions built up a large patronage among the best classes in the community is the above. The store is most centrally located and contains at all seasons, everything new and fashionable in foreign and domestic woolens, cassimers, worsted, tweeds, meltons, cheviot, diagonals, broadcloths, etc. The work of this house is one of the most artistic order, and affords perfect satisfaction in material. The fit and latest style being guaranteed at all times. Mr. Pille is noted for his close observance of metropolitan styles and customs, and can turn out at any time, a suit or overcoat, equal to any New York house, while the prices charged are most moderate in consideration of the quality of workmanship, and anything made can be relied upon as being strictly first-class in every particular Every garment manufactured at this establishment is closely scrutinized by the proprietor before being sent to its destination; thus assuring to patrons thoroughly made and elegantly finished garments in every instance. Mr. Pille has by his enterprise together with conscientious, liberal and honorable dealings, built up a trade and reputation of which any one might feel proud.

For Sale.

A farm and coal, either jointly or separately, is offered at private sale. The farm is that of Ephraim Royer, deceased, on which the Woodland mine is operated, and is located one mile south of East Greenville, O. For particulars inquire of Albert B. Kittinger, administrator.

It Will Do You Good.

Are you constipated? Do you have sick headaches? Is your nervous system, liver or kidneys out of order? If so, cure yourself by using Wright's Celery Tea. It improves the complexion. Price 25c., sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

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